# "Priorities and possibilities for cooperation with Albania -Current trends and challenges"

#### Blerjana Bino

Director, Research & Development European University of Tirana, Albania

Networking Seminar "EU-Higher Education Cooperation between Germany and the Western Balkan region", 24-25 September 2015





### **Presentation Structure**

- ☐ Higher education landscape in Albania
  - ☐ Higher education and research reform
  - ☐ New law on higher education
  - ☐ Challenges
- ☐ Albanian HEIs in Tempus and Erasmus+
  - ☐ Lessons learned from Tempus
  - ☐ Opportunities for the Erasmus+
- ☐ National Priorities for Erasmus+
- ☐ Cooperation areas with EU and the region
- □ Q&A





### Higher Education Landscape – Albania

- ☐ Higher education in *perpetuum reformation*
- ☐ Transformation processes:
  - ☐ Implementation of **Bologna Charter** and becoming part of the European Higher Education Area
  - ☐ **Liberalization** of higher education system: private HEIs as an alternative to the state HEIs
  - ☐ **Massification** of higher education: Too much education beyond capacities or public policy relevant to the democratic processes?



## Perpetum reformation....

- ☐ Far from achieving HE **objectives on standards of quality** and excellence in teaching, student services, research and links with socio-economic stakeholders;
- ☐ Massification and liberalization were not accompanied by appropriate **review and control mechanisms** to ensure standards of quality;
- ☐ **Investments** in HE both in terms of capacity development and research have been very low focused only on 'inputs;;
- ☐ Relatively limited **internationalization strategies** of HEIs





### Current reform and new Law

Higher education – moving towards quality in the entire sector □ 2014 – Commission for Reformation of Higher Education and Research in Albania ☐ Broad consultation processes in 2014-2015 ☐ Law passed in September 2015 – public debate still ongoing □ New law on HE to be implemented from 2016-17 □ Control of the legality of HEIs in summer 2014 – 18 HEIs closed, 13 HEIs suspended until improvements implemented ☐ Moving beyond the dichotomy: state vs private HEIs HEIs offering a public good and working on quality ☐ Government – active role in review, control and maintaining quality standards ☐ Linking to the current developments of Albania society Better funding scheme focused on outcome/performance





## Challenges...

- New bylaws, rules and regulations for HEIs from 2016 onwards Governance and management of HEIs Funding system for HEIs Innovative teaching and training methodologies Curricula development – joint degrees Linking to the socio-economic stakeholders – relevance to Albanian development and challenges Internationalization: Mobility of staff and students ☐ Quality assurance ☐ Students engagement
- ☐ ICTs in Higher Education

Links to the Labor Market

☐ Innovative policy development – EU accession





## Albanian HEIs in Tempus

Albania has been part of the TEMPUS Programme since 1992
Tempus programme - promoting cooperation between Albanian and EU HEIs as well as Albanian and regional HEIs;
☐ Implementation of Bologna process;
Academic staff professional development and mobility opportunities;
☐ Infrastructure improvement;
☐ Life Long Learning courses including Civil Society and Public Administration.
All Albanian public universities and some private ones have
participated in 141 Tempus projects in total; (21 ongoing)
From 28 applications in 2011, Albania has submitted 65 applications in 2013, which is the highest number of proposals since 1992;
The number of the selected projects has notably increased from 5 projects in 2012 to 9 projects in 2013;
22 project applications in Erasmus+ 2014-15 and 5 successful projects (no coordination role; only as partners)





## Opportunities for the Erasmus+

Cha	allenges:
	Management of the project: contracting and financial aspects (VAT)
	Human resources – circulation
	Leading projects and management of consortia
	Willingness/resources of HEIs towards networking/project development
	Incentives for staff to participate in projects – HR remuneration schemes
	Structural constraints – state universities
Op	portunities:
	HEIs are better prepared to develop projects for Erasmus+ (IR units, Projects Offices; Centres of Research)
	Project Development Competences (institutional and personal)
	International Offices
	Networks with HEIs in the region and EU
	Links with other stakeholders: socio-economic, civil society and public authorities
	Grant application practices and incentives introduced in some HEIs





#### ☐ Curricula development projects

- ☐ Social and behavioral science: political sciences, economics, anthropology; development studies;
- ☐ Journalism and information
- ☐ Finance, banking, accounting
- ☐ Business management, marketing
- ☐ Law
- ☐ Life sciences
- ☐ Computing and engineering
- Manufacturing
- ☐ Agriculture; food science and technology; forestry; fisheries
- ☐ Social services
- ☐ Environmental sciences
- ☐ Personal services: sports, tourism, catering





- **□** Quality of education and teaching
  - Bologna system: credit transfer, diploma supplement, cycle system
  - ☐ Learning and teaching tools using ICTs
  - ☐ Teaching methodologies
  - ☐ Virtual and real mobility
  - ☐ Self-assessment and quality assurance





- ☐ Management and governance of HEIs
  - ☐ Strategic planning
  - ☐ Human resources
  - ☐ Financial management
  - ☐ University services, academic affairs, student support, mobility
  - ☐ Internationalisation of HEIs
  - ☐ International and networking capacities
  - ☐ Recognition mechanisms for mobility
  - ☐ Quality assurance
  - ☐ Project development
  - ☐ Research management and activities





- ☐ Links with the society at large
  - ☐ Life long learning
  - □ Vocational courses
  - ☐ University enterprise cooperation
  - ☐ Employability of graduates
  - ☐ Alumni systems and tracing graduates in the labor market
  - ☐ Qualifications framework
  - ☐ Knowledge triangle: business, research and education





Thank you!

Q&A



