### COVID-19

**Power and utilities** 

Impact of COVID-19 and Economic Downturn on South East Europe Power and Utility Sector

Navigating through uncertainty



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PwC perspective

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## The P&U sector is facing disruption across the value chain, however the impact of the crisis is so far moderate compared to other sectors

**Overview of COVID-19 impact on Power and Utilities (1/2)** 

Area	Key insights
Overall industry impact	<ul> <li>The impact of COVID-19 on supply and demand for the power sector on a global scale is estimated to be in the lower-middle range</li> <li>European utilities suffered a market cap crash of ~25% (lower than S&amp;P 500 index) at the beginning of the crisis, but are now slowly recovering</li> <li>CEO agenda has not fundamentally changed with the crisis; decarbonisation, decentralisation and digitisation remain top priorities</li> </ul>
Consumption and customer behaviour	<ul> <li>Total electricity demand in SEE has been dropping ~20% on a weekly basis since the crisis started (and ~10% compared to the same period last year)</li> <li>We have seen a shift in households vs. industry and services consumption, due to lockdown measures across the region</li> <li>Level of short-term economic recovery and the tourist season will be key factors in determining further demand development in 2020</li> </ul>
Supply and power generation mix	<ul> <li>Downward pressure on electricity generation caused by lower demand, market prices and bad hydrology has been partly offset by cheap gas</li> <li>We have seen a slight increase in electricity generation from solar and wind</li> <li>Power plants are working normally according to a planned schedule and stable maintenance activities</li> </ul>

## New reality has forced regional utilities to adjust their operations, with focus on supply continuity and customer protection

**Overview of COVID-19 impact on Power and Utilities (2/2)** 

Area	Key insights						
Prices and market	<ul> <li>Spot price on all SEE markets is highly volatile and decreased by 46% from February to April</li> <li>Decreasing spot prices present an opportunity for import, while exporters need to consider using trading instruments for hedging</li> <li>Despite current low wholesale prices, market expectations are that prices will return to pre-crisis levels in the second half of the year</li> </ul>						
Corporate reaction	<ul> <li>Regional utilities have successfully adapted to the 'new normal' by going digital and introducing stricter worker safety measures</li> <li>Some companies entered into contract renegotiations with suppliers or activated back-up options due to minor supply chain delays</li> <li>Companies are now primarily focused on stabilising their liquidity, while major capital projects are continuing with minor delays</li> </ul>						
State response	<ul> <li>EU leaders aim to continue with the Green Deal agenda as planned, with the EC announcing that COVID-19 will not affect the Deal's timeline</li> <li>EU leaders called for governments to step up their climate ambitions and launch sustainable stimulus packages</li> <li>Additionally, most SEE countries have taken payment relaxation measures to protect customers</li> </ul>						

## In the short-term, utilities need to focus to managing liquidity, optimizing costs and increasing operational efficiency

Key short term action steps for P&U companies

Crisis stage	Response	Key actions	Timeline
<b>À</b> Disruption	Mobilize	<ul> <li>Develop a holistic understanding of the business environment</li> <li>Manage cash collection and liquidity risk</li> <li>Assess company's exposure and resilience capabilities</li> <li>Protect vulnerable customers with payment flexibility options</li> <li>Diversify sourcing in case of supply chain disruptions</li> <li>Prepare contingency plans for shifts rotations</li> <li>Adjust outage planning and management</li> <li>Review plans and prepare contingency for large capital projects</li> </ul>	1-2 months
<del>ک</del> Recovery	Review costs & restructure	<ul> <li>Conduct short term cost review and optimisation, including:         <ul> <li>Optimization of field force productivity and costs</li> <li>Elimination of shadow functions and unnecessary layers</li> <li>Centralization of support activities</li> <li>Rationalization of project portfolio and elimination of redundant / non-strategic activities</li> </ul> </li> <li>Incorporate physical risks such as pandemic, climate change into trading models and develop contingency plans</li> </ul>	<6 months

## Going forward companies need to think about stabilizing the core and developing new (digital) business models

Key mid to long-term action steps for P&U companies

Crisis stage	Response	Key actions	Timeline
<b>III</b> Stabilization	Accelerate growth initiatives	<ul> <li>Align your operating model to support stabilization and growth</li> <li>Re-assess the portfolio of conventional power generation plants</li> <li>Leverage the scale, capabilities and financial position to increase investments in RES technologies</li> <li>Leverage cheap financing to expand and improve T&amp;D network performance</li> <li>Invest in asset management tools to improve efficiency and ROI</li> <li>Focus on developing "behind the meter" energy services</li> </ul>	6-18 months
<b>eesilience</b>	Innovate & digitize	<ul> <li>Digitize core operational processes by introducing data-driven controls and maintenance</li> <li>Enhance investments in SCADA</li> <li>Introduce production automation</li> <li>Digitize support processes and customer service through shared data platform, RPA, automated customer interaction etc.</li> <li>Enhance digitally-enabled innovations</li> </ul>	18-36 months



### PwC has developed three indicative scenarios of economic development for the upcoming quarters

ILLUSTRATIVE

PwC indicative scenarios for overall economy (as at April 2020 - uncertain which scenario will emerge)



Total number of active COVID-19 cases, i.e. after cures Impact of COVID-19 and economic downturn on SEE power and utilities PwC

# After the initial economic downturn, the gradual recovery is expected in 2021, both globally and in SEE

IMF projected COVID-19 impact on the global economy as per V-shape scenario (GDP growth rate)



Note: \*Emerging SEE includes: Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, North Macedonia. Latest official Croatian forecast for 2020 is -9,4% Source: International Monetary Fund, PwC analysis



# Globally, the impact of COVID-19 on the power and utilities sector is estimated to be in the lower-mid range...

Impact of COVID-19 on main sectors of activity



Unfavourable market conditions can magnify cash flow stress or excess debt

Source: PwC analysis

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### ...nevertheless, P&U CFOs are concerned about current liquidity issues and long-term economic impact

**Overview of top concerns regarding COVID-19** (% of total surveyed CFOs<sup>1</sup>)

### 75%

39%

70%

Liquidity and other financial Potential global recession impact

41%

20%

**Reduced productivity** 

"No crisis is an isolated, neatly contained incident, and COVID-19 outbreak is exceptional by any standards. It comes with extreme scope and levels of uncertainty."

PwC

**Reduced consumption** 

21% Supply chain disruptions

Lack of information

1) Each surveyed CFO could choose up to 3 responses to the survey, % share represents how many of total surveyed CFOs chose each concern as one of their responses Other concerns include: cybersecurity risks; fraud risks; impacts on tax, trade or immigration; privacy risks Source: PwC analysis

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## Although more resilient than S&P 500, European utilities have suffered strong market cap crash since the crisis start





#### Relative resilience of European P&U vs. S&P 500

- Utilities are considered an essential service, hence suffer less from demand contraction than other industries
- Many activities are regulated or carried out under longterm or hedged contracts
- Continuity of supply is ensured as utilities many have elaborated contingency plans to manage disruption and protect critical infrastructure
- Over the past week, European utilities have been able to raise EUR billions in new debt, shoring up their finances to tackle the challenges they face because of this crisis
  - Many bonds were oversubscribed, indicating continued interest and trust in the resilience of this market from investors
  - Utilities will not likely have difficulty accessing the capital market in the near future

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Source: Bloomberg, S&P, SP Global; Strategy& analysis

### Nevertheless, key ambitions, strategic directions and CEO agendas haven't fundamentally changed

#### **P&U** megatrends and CEO agenda

Decarbonisation

Decentralisation

Digitisation

#### **CEO** thoughts

"We are advancing with our investments in renewables, spending €10 bn in 2020 and surpassing last year's investment, to contribute to the economy and boost employment." Large Spanish utility company CEO (2 April, 2020)

 Emergence of smaller scale renewable power generation facilities close to consumption sites and increase in two way energy transmission

International efforts to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from source to socket

· Growth of low marginal cost, intermittent renewable energy sources

to develop renewables

destabilising peak/off-peak spreads

through government policy, regulatory actions and private sector efforts

• **Rise of viable storage technologies**, improving usability of intermittent RES and contributing to positive distributed energy resources (DER) business cases

- Introduction of new technologies, catalysing the rise of alternative products and new digital ecosystems
- Expansion of **digital transformation agendas** across all sectors, and increasing use of technology to enhance each segment of the energy value chain (e.g. smart metering, M2M communication)

"We think there will be a need for investment to restart after a period of low growth. This could be a perfect opportunity for renewables to pick up speed again" Large Italian utility company CEO (20 March, 2020)

> "After the current crisis, ..., network expansion and the installation of climatefriendly energy infrastructure will surely be even more crucial." Large German utility company CEO (24 March, 2020)

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Regional power and utility sector has a fairly significant role in the overall economy, which makes it a very relevant economic lever

P&U sector share in overall economy



Value added at factor cost of electric power generation, transmission and distribution sector, as per Eurostat NACE sector distribution
 Gross value added
 Note: Data for other SEE countries is not available
 Source: Eurostat, World Bank, PwC analysis

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## Based on historical performance, SEE utilities might be less resilient to market shock then their European peers...

Financial resilience of SEE energy companies and European best practice



Note: As companies have different level of vertical integration, purpose of this chart is not a comparable benchmark, but rather an individual overview of current resilience position Source: Company financial and annual reports, PwC analysis

## ...with some companies more exposed to liquidity, cash flow, and debt financing challenges

Key performance indicators of SEE utilities (2018)

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KPI	HEP	HSE	EPS	MH ERS	EP B&H	EPHZHB	EPCG	ESM	BGENH	SEE mean	European best practice <sup>1</sup>
Operating efficiency (Net income / Revenue)	9%	-1%	-1%	2%	5%	4%	15%	12%	-4%	5%	12%
Cash ratio (Cash and cash eq. / Current liabilities	0.78	0.30	0.33	0.15	1.19	0.13	0.30	0.17	1.15	0.50	0.26
Liquidity (Current assets / Current liabilities)	1.92	1.12	1.46	1.34	6.41	1.71	2.87	2.98	2.42	2.47	1.54
Cash flow coverage (Op. cash flow / Total liabilities)	24%	20%	17%	15%	44%	9%	50%	16%	6%	22%	11%
Current liability coverage (Op. cash flow / Current liabilities)	100%	74%	66%	47%	206%	43%	155%	74%	32%	89%	47%
<b>Debt to equity</b> (Total liabilities / Equity)	0.66	0.96	0.39	0.23	0.14	0.50	0.16	0.42	0.56	0.45	1.57
Assets to equity (Total assets / Equity)	1.66	1.96	1.39	1.23	1.14	1.50	1.16	1.42	1.56	2.76	6.38
Return on equity (Net income / Equity)	6%	-1%	0%	0%	2%	2%	5%	5%	-2%	0%	41%
Asset use efficiency (Revenue/ Total assets)	38%	70%	19%	16%	31%	35%	27%	29%	39%	34%	55%

Leading Middle Slightly lagging

Lagging

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### Regional utilities are affected by the crisis across the value chain, with demand drop and price volatility leading the way

**Overview of COVID-19 impact across key categories in Q1 2020** 

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Category	Consumption and customer behaviour	Supply and power generation	Prices and market	Corporate reaction	State response
Key takeaway	<ul> <li>Economy slowdown has decreased the overall electricity consumption</li> <li>Demand structure has changes, with more coming from households</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Coal and gas generation was stable due to bad hydrology in SEE</li> <li>In Europe, we see stronger drop of conventional technologies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Regional PX spot prices dropped ~50% since crisis start, with Q3 and Q4 futures stable for now</li> <li>In case of further imbalance and volatility, export oriented utilities could be at risk</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Work went digital with more safety measures for field operations</li> <li>Liquidity is #1 priority now, with some cost rationalisation</li> <li>Capital projects are currently not postponed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Governments have introduced payment relaxation measures to protect customers</li> <li>The EU leaders are calling for collective efforts to continue the energy transition as planned</li> </ul>
COVID-19 impact	High	Low / Medium	High	Medium	Medium
Impact magnitude for P&U	$\mathbf{\bullet}$				
P&U most impacted area	Revenue	ि Operations	Revenue	Cash Cash Operations Coperations Coperations	Revenue

Source: PwC analysis

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### Electricity demand in SEE has followed the global and European trend of substantial decrease since the crisis started

#### SEE electricity demand (GWh)



Development of future electricity demand is highly dependent on the dynamics and scenario of economic recovery in the region.

Source: ENTSO-E, PwC analysis

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W9 2020 (24/2-1/3) - Week before crisis start, 1st COVID case in the region W15 2020 (6/4-12/4) – One month into the lockdown across region

## Demand from services has been affected the most, while industry has begun increasing its activity in reduced capacity

#### SEE demand shifts across main segments



Source: Eurostat, PwC analysis

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## Analysis indicate that energy intense industries will be hit the most with the ongoing crisis, thus driving down electricity demand

#### Impact of COVID-19 on SEE industries



1) Based on PwC Strategy& study: "Assessing the impact of COVID-19 on various industries in Europe"; average calculated from projected GVA for different scenarios

2) Others include: Mining and Quarrying, Wood and Wood Products, Construction, Transportation, Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Not Specified industries

3) Adjusted for SEE, varies depending on country dependency on tourism

Source: Eurostat, PwC analysis, Strategy& study: "Assessing the impact of COVID-19 on various industries in Europe"

Impact of COVID-19 and economic downturn on SEE power and utilities

### Economic slowdown has caused a mild decrease in electricity consumption, but outlook for second half of they year is still unclear

Management views from several SEE power utilities

How much is the economic slowdown in this crisis impacting electricity consumption?

"The lockdown has caused a slight demand drop but there are no significant disruptions for now"

"For April, we are expecting a shift in households vs. industry consumption towards households which will impact our revenues due to low prices in households segment" "We did not experience any major consumption decreases from industry and services in February and March, however households have been more active as people are staying more in their homes"

"The biggest question for us is how much will a slower tourist season affect the overall consumption during summer months"

"In case of consumption swaps between household and industry/services segment, we don't expect any severe hits on our revenues, as the prices are relatively similar" Supply and power generation

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### Downward pressure on electricity generation caused by lower demand, market prices and bad hydrology has been partly offset by cheaper gas

Weekly electricity generation in SEE (GWh)





Supply and power generation

## Flexible structure of regional power generation mix has played important role in coping with the market turmoil

Management views from several SEE power utilities

Are there major shifts in your power generation portfolio like in rest of Europe with higher share of renewables?

"Power plants are working normally, according to planned schedule"

"Unfavourable hydrology lowered the overall hydro generation potential in the region by 30%"

"Generation capacities are available with stable maintenance activities"

"Yes, the hydrology is lower than planned but we are using our hydro accumulation now to prepare for more extreme summer months"

"Historically, low oil prices have certainly made an impact on cheaper natural gas prices. This allowed us to modify our generation plan for a CHP plant for the upcoming month"



### Although in the short term CO<sub>2</sub> prices plummeted, it is expected that in the mid-long term trend will remain stabile

The slowdown in demand has decreased CO<sub>2</sub> auction and ...but as the emissions continue to grow after the crisis, gas prices by ~40% and ~20% respectively...

the prices are expected to grow again



Note: US market data was used for coal and natural gas prices Source: The World Bank, Carbon Brief, MarketsInsider, PwC analysis

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## Spot prices on all SEE markets are very volatile with ~50% drop in the last two months

Electricity spot price on SEE power exchange markets (EUR/MWh)



Source: CROPEX, SEEPEX, IBEX, HUPX, BSP, PwC analysis

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## Nevertheless, according to the pool price futures, market is still optimistic from Q3 2020 going forward

**Electricity price futures (EUR/MWh)** 



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### Serbian, B&H and North Macedonian P&U companies have limited headroom to sustain possible future price interventions

SEE retail electricity prices in 2019 (EUR/kWh and EUR/kWh purchasing power adjusted)



Note: Eurostat definition of electricity prices: Households - annual consumption between 2,500 kWh and 5,000 kWh; Industry - annual consumption between 500 MWh and 2,000 MWh Source: Eurostat, PwC analysis

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EUR/kWh non-PPP adjusted prices

Prices and market

### Decreasing spot prices present an opportunity for import, while exporters should consider using trading instruments

#### Impact of price trends on SEE countries

Country	Retail price resilience	Average <sup>1</sup> share of net import (+) / export (-) in total consumption <sup>1</sup>	Trading strategy	Implications for utilities		
Slovenia		+15.6%		<ul> <li>In the short-term, trading on the day-ahead market can enable net</li> </ul>		
Croatia		+19.9%	Spot price	<ul> <li>importers to reduce overall electricity import cost due to current drop in spot price</li> <li>Mid-term perspective shows that price will likely return to pre-crisis level from Q32020 onwards</li> </ul>		
Montenegro		+14.7%	opportunity			
North Macedonia		+32.2%				
Serbia	bia -1.2%			<ul> <li>Current situation presents a</li> </ul>		
B&H		-30.1%	Hedging	challenge as export at current prices brings lower revenues		
Bulgaria		-22.2%	neaging	<ul> <li>However, most utilities hedging and future contracts to avoid</li> </ul>		
SEE average		-2.5%		and/or minimise potential losses		
	1	ow High				

resilience

resilience

1) Three year average 2016-2018 Source: Eurostat, PwC analysis

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## Current period of high price volatility creates disruption, but it is expected that the market will stabilise in H2 2020

Management views from several SEE power utilities

What is your view and how did you respond to cheap electricity prices on power exchange?

"Decrease in electricity spot prices certainly made a positive impact for us where we can book cheaper volumes for the summer period" "Despite current low wholesale prices, market expectations are still saying that the whole situation with the prices will normalise in the second half of the year"

"We are selling electricity during peak hours and buying at cheaper prices during weekends" "Our power generation mix cost is still cheap compared to market as we have lots of renewables"

"As we are an export-oriented power utility company, the decline in electricity prices in the wholesale market has led to a significant decrease in revenues from wholesale sales"

Corporate reaction

## SEE utilities have adjusted their operations to COVID-19 safety measures and relatively smoothly overcame supply chain issues

Overview of SEE utilities current response actions (1/2) - as at April 28, 2020

Key trends **Observation** Day-to-day work needed to quickly be adjusted to the COVID-19 situation, causing disruptions in electricity supply **Regional utilities have**  Part of desk based work is organised from home by using successfully adopted to the 'new Change in operations normal' working mode by going necessary IT systems digital and introducing stricter Protection of key O&M personnel (field workers and safety measures for field workers dispatchers) needed to be ensured through special shift modes Minor delays in raw materials and components delivery occurred due to suppliers being shut down or not able to Utilities are successfully facing **Disruptions in supply** ensure full capacity the supply chain delays through chain Some companies started renegotiation of contracts and contract renegotiations and backexercising of contractual options up options Companies have started considering back-up supplier networks and developing continuity plans



## Companies are now primarily focused on stabilising their liquidity, while major capital projects are continuing with minor delays

Overview of SEE utilities current response actions (2/2) - as at 28 May 2020

Focus on financial stability	<ul> <li>Cash collection is currently the top priority of SEE utilities, as they are seeking ways to stabilise liquidity</li> <li>Cost scrutiny is also on their agenda where some have already introduced measures such as postponement of non-critical procurement activities and reduction in G&amp;A cost</li> <li>For some companies, measures include partial decrease of employee cost/benefits</li> </ul>	Cash collection is now the main concern where most players have turned to lenders for additional funds. The need to rationalise operating cost strongly correlates to pre-crisis financial stability
Temporary slowdown in investments	<ul> <li>Large capital projects are not heavily impacted at the moment</li> <li>There could be minor delays on some project activities due to lockdown measures and lower mobility</li> <li>No major financing risks are expected for utilities, as they are considered a relatively safe asset</li> <li>There are no major disruptions in M&amp;A activities for now, but there could be some slowdown in the future</li> </ul>	There are no major drawbacks to continue with large capital projects, but in the upcoming months, delays could be expected to a certain extent

Key trends

**Observation** 



### Companies which have been proactively working on internal efficiency during the 'normal' period are now better prepared

View of SEE power utilities management

## How are you dealing with this situation and what are your moves?

"Cash collection is the biggest issue in these times for us, with projections of 15%-25% per month less compared to precrisis periods"

"We are actively talking with EBRD and commercial banks for additional funds to stabilise our cash positions. The upside of this situation is relatively low interest rates" "Our stable business performance made us ready to tackle the COVID-19 economic downturn. However, we are closely monitoring the situation and are ready to respond"

"We have quickly adopted our operations in accordance with epidemiological measures" "There is already a need to rationalise operating cost and we are certain that this will be the case in the near future as well"

"We don't see significant hurdles for our capital projects – just smaller delays due to travel restrictions for foreign contractors" "Investment plans will have to undergo certain restrictions due to expected cash inflow shortage"

## The EU leaders still aim to continue with the Green Deal agenda as planned, despite non-favourable policies of some countries

Mixed government policies on energy transition in reaction to COVID-19

#### Non-favourable policies



### Fiscal stimulus package of the US has no relief measures for renewables

China is relaxing its environmental supervision of companies

Poland argued to put the European Green Deal aside

### Favourable policies



EU leaders have called on EC to include green policies in recovery plan

Canada plans to keep climate change a priority focus for 2020's budget

The UK presented its budget for 2020 with a boost for renewables

#### Current EU response to COVID-19 reflects energy transition

- The European Commission announced that the COVID-19 emergency won't affect the timeline of the EU's Green Deal
- The Commission has launched an online public consultation to increase the current EU's 2030 climate target of a 40% cut in greenhouse gas emissions to at least 50%
- The EU leaders called for governments to use the current situation to step up their climate ambitions and launch sustainable stimulus packages
- SEE Governments have not yet announced any changes in state-level climate policy due to COVID-19 crisis
- SEE countries are likely to follow the steps recommended by the European Commission and energy community



### PwC point of view is that Governments need to incentivise investments in the renewables and reiterate the focus on sustainability

Government actions to stimulate 'Green Economy'



Allocate resources for the renewable energy sector or create renewable specific initiatives, as a part of the economic stimulus deployed globally for COVID-19 crisis



Enable companies to build resilience into energy value chain by creating cooperative models and drive digitisation initiatives through incentive schemes



Incorporate **risks from physical systemic economic shocks** (e.g. climate change, pandemic, natural disasters) into energy infrastructure planning and renewables funding



**Incentivise renewables investments** to meet 'green' targets and provide **long-term investment stability** via effective subsidy or funding schemes



Reiterate global focus on sustainability and collaborate on a national and international level to ensure concerted drive towards greener economy



### Additionally, most SEE countries have taken payment relaxation measures to protect customers, similar to their European peers

Overview of measures taken by utilities and/or governments (as at April 28, 2020)

Typical measures by European utilities / governments	Slovenia	Croatia	Serbia	B&H	Montenegro	North Macedonia	Bulgaria
Payment deadline extensions and penalty elimination		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Special arrangements for elderly and endangered customers			$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		
Moratorium on disconnections due to outstanding payment		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Temporary RES and CHP subsidy suspension	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$				
Temporary electricity price discounts from suppliers	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$					
Postponement of planned outages							$\checkmark$



### It is possible that Governments introduce new measures as P&Us have a high impact on peoples' socio-economic status

Management views from several SEE power utilities

### How did Governments react to new market conditions?

"The Government seized all penalty (default) interest payments on the accrued interest from March to May"

"We believe that it is not realistic that the Government will make retail price interventions for households as they are already very low compared to other markets" "There are no official responses yet but the measures will probably aim towards protecting vulnerable customers"

"There is always the possibility that the Government decides to lower retail prices to help protect customers"

"There are certain postponements for electricity bill payments in this period as well"



### As SEE power and utilities are exiting disruption phase, mindset needs to be shifted towards recovery and transformation

Selection of specific response actions for P&U through stages



Stabilise

## In the first step, utilities have adjusted their operations to new circumstances in order to ensure contingency and uninterrupted supply

Action steps in stabilisation stage

Area	Action steps
Customers	<ul> <li>Protect vulnerable customers</li> <li>Allow payment flexibility options based on risk profiling</li> <li>Manage cash collection and customer risk profiling</li> </ul>
Operations and supply chain	<ul> <li>Tighten QHSE procedures</li> <li>Prepare contingency plans for shifts rotations</li> <li>Adjust outage planning and management</li> <li>Coordinate and plan critical spare parts in case od supply disruptions</li> </ul>
Asset management	<ul> <li>Diversify sourcing per key categories and suppliers in case of supply disruptions</li> <li>Conduct scenario analysis</li> <li>Review plans and prepare contingency for large capital projects</li> </ul>
Corporate	<ul> <li>Develop a holistic understanding of the business environment</li> <li>Manage liquidity risk</li> <li>Assess company's exposure and resilience capabilities</li> </ul>

Source: PwC analysis

**Review cost and restructure** 

## Tracking financial impact and addressing it through a cost review is a key step in the recovery stage

Illustrative COVID-19 financial impact and mitigation plan for P&U



Source: PwC analysis

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Accelerate growth initiatives

### Potential opportunities for investments will depend on the core capabilities of the company and individual strategic priorities

#### Potential investment and growth strategies

**Re-assess conventional power** plant portfolio

#### **Potential** investment strategies

### **Rationale and**

### action steps

**Benefits** 

- Strong decarbonisation will be in core focus of European 2030 and 2050 policy agenda
- Most coal power plants in SEE are near the end of their lifetime
- Increase of carbon price could be an additional incentive
- Increase investments in gas as a substitute for coal
- Higher rate of return on capital
- Higher efficiency achieved through revitalisation
- · Potential to repurpose infrastructure, real estate and equipment
- Contribution to decarbonisation initiatives

#### Increase RES investments

- · Leverage the scale, capabilities and financial position to increase investments on previously highly competitive RES tenders
- Advancement in solar and wind technology has reduced the cost of these sources
- · Partner with large industrial players or other infrastructure investments to share risk and cost
- Ability to win tenders at a more competitive price than over past years
- Good rate of return on capital
- More diversified generation portfolio
- Contribution to decarbonisation initiatives

#### Focus on core networks



- Leverage cheap financing to expand and improve performance of transmission and distribution networks across the region
- Build critical infrastructure to prepare for future network conditions (more distributed and intermittent energy source, prosumers, storage technologies etc.)
- Potential to achieve savings through lowered distribution losses
- Improved network performance indices
- Timely preparation for future conditions
- Contribution to decarbonisation initiatives

Source: PwC analysis

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Innovate and digitise

## Some future crisis response could improve doubling down on digitisation of operations and adopting technology innovations

Key areas for digitalisation

	Predictive maintenance		
Core Operational Processes	Real-time condition monitoring		
	Flexibility management		
	Investments in SCADA		
Conscitutered Load	Dynamic line rating		
Management	AI augmented system operation		
management	Congestion mgmt solutions (IoT, sensoring)		
Digitized Support	 Regulatory reporting on shared data platform		
Processes	Robotic Process Automation (RPA)		
	Automated client interaction and transparent order fulfilment		
Digitally anabled	Broader access to markets / crowd balancing		
Innovations	Data hub services and data platforms		
	Blockchain for Transactive Energy solutions		

Source: PwC analysis

Impact of COVID-19 and economic downturn on SEE power and utilities  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PwC}}$ 



### Utilities now need to focus on managing liquidity and cost, but strategy in the long term must be oriented towards growth and innovation

Summary of specific crisis response actions for P&U

	Disruption	Recovery	Stabilisation	Resilience
Customers	Protect vulnerable customers and allow payment flexibility options based on risk profiling	Manage cash collection and customer risk profiling	Reduce frequency of physical meter readings and enable faster smart meter roll out	
				Focus on managing commercial losses Enhance customer loyalty and services
Operations and supply chain	Tighten QHSE procedures and prepare contingency plans for shifts rotations	Digitise points of sales and customer services (payments, web and call centre, etc.)		Automation of plant operations
	Adjust outage planning and management	Coordinate and plan critical spare parts in case od supply disruptions		Investments in SCADA
Asset mgmt.		Diversify sourcing per key categories and suppliers in case of supply disruptions	Conduct scenario analysis, review plans and prepare contingency for large capital projects	Invest in asset management capabilities (technology, tools, and processes) to improve efficiency and ROI
				Optimise maintenance strategy and capabilities toward predictive and risk based maintenance
Corporate	Develop a holistic understanding of the business environment	Manage liquidity risk	Strategic, operational and financial restructuring of the company or a business segment	
	Assess company's exposure and resilience capabilities	Rationalise non-critical cost elements that will not affect core capabilities		

Source: PwC analysis

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